

Law basis for Russian citizen's health care

The Constitution of Russian Federation (1993/12/12) is the main law of Russian Federation and law basis for Russian citizen's health care forms in accordance with the Constitution.

Citizen's rights about health care are written in next articles:

- about right for living (article 20)
- about security of personal respect and inadmissibility of humiliations, medical and scientific experiments without personal consent (article 21)
- about state protection for maternity, childhood and family (article 38)

- about social guaranties of pension (for old people), in case of illness and disability (article 39)
- about right for health care and free medical aid (article 41)
- about right for favourable environment and compensation after ecological violation (article 42)
- According to The Constitution of Russian Federation were passed The legislative principles of Russian Federation about citizen's health care, which are law base of heath care development in Russia.

Federal law “About principles of citizen’s health care in Russian Federation” (2011/11/01) determine:

- legal, organize and economical principles of citizen’s health care
- citizen’s and another people’s rights and duties and guaranties of their realization
- government authorities and responsibility in every branch in sphere of health care
- rights and duties of medical organizations and medical staff during their work in sphere of health care

Federal law “About principles of citizen’s health care in Russian Federation” (2011/11/01) reveal the main principles of citizen’s health care:

- 1. Observation of human’s and citizen’s rights in sphere of health care and secure the state guaranties
- 2. Priority of patient’s interests under taking medical aid
- 3. Priority of children’s health care
- 4. Social secure of citizens in case of disability
- 5. Responsibility of government, organizations and their chairmen in case of providing citizen’s rights in sphere of health care

- 6. Accessibility and quality of medical aid
- 7. Inadmissibility of refusal to render a medical aid
- 8. Priority of prophylactic in sphere of health care
- 9. Observation of medical secret

- Federal law “About principles of citizen’s health care in Russian Federation” shows the citizen’s rights and duties in sphere of health care and patient’s rights under taking medical aid.

- Russian citizens have a right to get a free medical aid in accordance with The Program of state guaranties of free medical aid for citizens and also to get a medical aid for pay

Under taking medical aid the patient has next rights:

- to choose a doctor and medical organization (MO)
- to get a prophylactic, diagnostic, medical treatment and rehabilitation in MO with normal sanitary and hygienic conditions
- to take a doctor's consultation
- to relieve the pain in case of illness or medical operation
- to receive an information about his rights, duties and health condition and also to choose the people whom this personal information can be given

- to take a curative food in hospital
- protection personal information which is a medical secret
- to give up medical operation
- to get a compensation after medical injury
- to have an advocate or representative-in-law to prove his rights
- to have a priest; also to have a special room for religious ceremony if the patient have to stay in hospital

The Federal law fixes next citizen's duties in sphere of health care:

- According the law citizens have to penetrate medical checkup
- People with zymotic diseases have to pass survey and therapy and also de engaged in prophylaxis
- People in hospitals have to keep up the mode of therapy and rules of conduct in MO

According to the Federal law:

- Health care organization in Russia is based on functioning and progress state, municipal and private systems of health care
- Medical aid is organized and rendered according to orders and medical standards which are necessary to execution all the MO all over the territory of Russia

The right for realization medical and pharmaceutical practice

- Are aloud people with medical education according to federal standards of education which have a certificate of specialist and after 2016/01/01 - certificate of accreditation
- The accreditation of specialist must be done every 5 years in order by federal government

In concordance with the Federal law the medical staff has next rights:

- To have a normal conditions and necessary equipment for medical work
- To have a professional run-up, retraining and surge skill sponge on employer in concordance with labour law

- An attestation for qualification category
- Work incitation in concordance with a qualification level, work difficulty, content, quality and result of work
- Making professional uncommercial organizations
- Risk insurance of their professional responsibility

There are next medical staff's duties in the Federal law:

- Render medical service in accordance with qualification, employee manual and job duties
- Observe medical secret
- Rise up professional skills
- Assign drug mounts on prescription pads in accordance with rules by federal government

In accordance with The Constitution and The Federal law some types of medical works are regulated by another acts of law

- Russian law “About transplantation people’s organs and skin” includes main rules of transplantation
- rules about donor service are in Russian law “About donor service of blood and its components”
- Federal law “About immunological prophylaxis of infectious diseases” is about medical deal with immunological prophylaxis

- Federal law “About tuberculosis spread prevention” sets legal basis of state policy about tuberculosis spread prevention
- Federal law “About human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) spread prevention” includes main rules about medical work for stop HIV and preventionits spreading

- There are main rules about medical psychiatrically service in Russian law “About psychiatrically service and people’s guaranties”
- The main rules about turnover narcotic substances are in Federal law “About drugs and psychotropic substances”
- Federal law “About necessary medical people’s insurance in Russia” sets legal and economical basis of medical people’s insurance in Russia

Russian legal system of health care also includes next laws:

- “About people’s sanitary and epidemiological well-being”
- “About people’s radiation safety”
- “About national medicinal resources, treatment places and spa”
- “About pharmaceuticals”
- “About state judicial-expert practice in Russian Federation”
- “About limitation tobacco smoking”